Ethelwyn Wetherald: An early, popular, and prolific poet

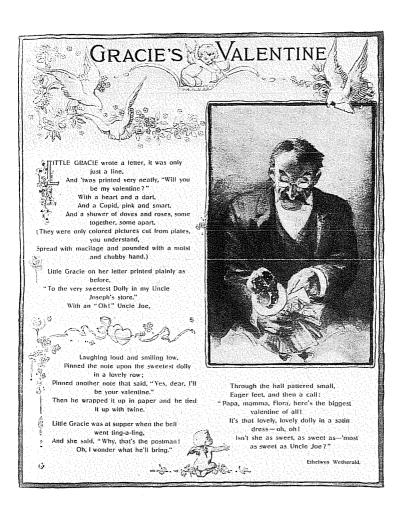
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Résumé: Entre 1890 et 1919, Ethelwyn Wetherald a publié soixante-dix poèmes pour enfants dans le magazine américain Youth's Companion. Elle n'était pas la seule Canadienne à collaborer à ce magazine, mais sa contribution fait d'elle une authentique poète – Gordon Moyles situe pour nous son oeuvre et nous fait redécouvrir certains de ces textes publiés aux Etats-Unis.

In the thirteenth issue of Canadian Children's Literature (1979) Lorraine McMullen deftly described E.W. Thomson's considerable contribution to Youth's companion, one of the most popular and perhaps best children's magazines ever published in the United States. She also noted that, throughout its long career (1827-1928), many other Canadian writers of juvenile fiction and poetry found ready acceptance in its pages. Arthur Wentworth Eaton was the first of these, but was followed by such notable names as J. Macdonald Oxley, Charles G.D. Roberts, Robert Barr, Archibald Lampman, Duncan Campbell Scott, Bliss Carman, Sara Jeannette Duncan, Margaret Marshall Saunders, L.M. Montgomery, Francis Lillie Pollock, Norman Duncan and Marjorie Pickthall. Among them, they contributed more than five hundred poems, short stories and sketches to Youth's companion.

By far the most prolific of the Canadians, however, was Ethelwyn Wetherald (1857-1940) of Rockwood, Ontario, who had approximately seventy poems
accepted by the magazine's editors between July 3, 1890, and April 24, 1919.
Wetherald, the daughter of a prominent Quaker educator (founder of Rockwood Academy), had gained considerable popularity as a writer, contributing
regularly to the Toronto Globe, and in 1895-96 serving as assistant to Francis
Bellamy, editor of *The ladies' home journal*. She was, as her own reminiscences
testify, a well-read and well-travelled lady, and an energetic writer. Her poems,
though now little known, were so well esteemed that Earl Grey was known to
have ordered twenty-five copies of one of her books and Sir Wilfrid Laurier
quoted them in his House of Commons speeches.

Most of Wetherald's poems in *Youth's companion* are, like those of Roberts and Carman and Scott, just poems – neither "juvenile" nor "adult" – some good and some bad. For the one thing *Youth's companion* did not often do was condescend to its young readers; the editors, among whom was E.W. Thomson,



seemed to feel that, on the whole, good poetry (both classical and contemporary) knew no age limit but could be read with equal pleasure and understanding by children and adults alike. Thus, most of the poems offered to young people by Lampman and Roberts and Wetherald are exactly those they would later offer to adults – poems with such titles as "Winter song," "An Easter lily," "The patient earth" and "Michaelmas daisies," pleasant reflections on God and Nature.

In Wetherald's case, however, there is one major difference. There was a page in every issue of *Youth's companion* — a "Children's page" — devoted to the very young, a class of children, perhaps from ages four to ten, often ignored in early children's periodicals. In it the editors tried, and very successfully it seems to me, to provide literature — short poems, nature sketches, puzzles, and brief stories — which, by the 1880's at least, was relatively free of overt didacticism and catered to the natural spontaneity and joy of childhood. It was in those pages that the now well-known American children's poets Laura Richards and Carolyn Wells gained prominence. And it was here as well that Ethelwyn Wetherald's best poems are to be found. They are so distinctively "children's poems," so free of the usual romantic jargon, so uninhibited and childlike, so witty and clever, and so skillfully crafted that they deserve to be revived and re-read; for they are, of their kind, just as good as those of the two well-known American poets.

In the poems that follow we see something of the real art of writing poetry for children. While, arguably, there still are traces of adult sensibility, of not being able to meet the child at eye-level, there is a refreshing simplicity, a deft control of colloquial diction, and confident innovativeness ("Spring time, sing time, happy bird-on-wing time"), and a sureness of rhythm that sets them apart from the usual sentimental stuff of the nursery. And when we remember that these poems were written at the turn of the century, when the cautionary tale was still preferred, we are amazed at Wetherald's freedom from the usual didactic pressures.

Ethelwyn Wetherald is not, of course, unknown to Canadian literary historians. Her several books of poems, published between 1903 and 1931, gave contemporary commentators reason to call her a "leading Canadian poet." But that honour soon faded, her poetry was relegated to the "minor" category, and she herself is largely unknown to modern readers. Even her fine little book of children's poems, *Tree-top morning* (1921), which brought together most of those published in *Youth's companion*, has gone unnoticed. If, however, this quiet Quaker lady had been an American, or had taken up American residence, she would, I think, now be represented in one or more of the major anthologies of Children's Literature. Some of her best poems would, I'm sure, find a place alongside Laura Richards' "The umbrella brigade" or Eleanor Farjeon's "The sounds in the morning." It is certainly what they would deserve.

To support that contention, to demonstrate Wetherald's breadth of appeal,

A DEVOTED MOTHER

By Ethelwyn Wetherald.

If I had a little sick dolly,
I know what I should do;
I would tend it with care, and give it fresh air,
And go to the doctor's, too.

And then if the doctor should hand me Some candy pills from the shelf, And dolly said, "Oh, I can't take them—no!"

I'd swallow them all myself.

For you know, of course, I could never use force,

So I'd swallow them all myself.

Yes, I am a careful young mother.
When dollies are sick and weak

I forbid them to walk, I don't let them talk, Nor even permit them to speak.

In winter I give them a straw ride, Well wrapped up is each little elf.

And smiling to see with what vigor and glee
I am skipping and singing myself,

The unselfish and good and wise mother should Do the skipping and singing herself.



and to perhaps restore some of her lost prestige, I offer below a selection of her children's poems from *Youth's companion*. The mini-anthology includes five reproductions from *Youth's companion*, to show how accompanying illustrations, typeface and design, as well as page placement, could enhance the overall effects of the poet's words. Such generous treatment, it should be added, clearly indicates that Wetherald, like Laura Richards and a very few others, was highly regarded by the editors of *Youth's companion* and certainly looked forward to by its readers.

THE WISE FROGS

Early in the spring, with the wind on my cheek, I went to the pond an old friend to seek. "Old Friend Frog, what's the weather like? Speak!"

Then a voice responded very low and weak: "Still rather bleak, still rather bleak; Bu-bu-bu-bl-eak, bu-bu-bu-bl-eak."

Later in the spring, with only just a few
Of my frog acquaintances, I said, "How do you
do?
Pleasant weather this, and a very pleasant view,
And isn't that a lovely-looking sky?" "Quite
true.
Very pretty blue, very pretty blue;
Bu-bu-bu-bl-ue, bu-bu-bu-bl-ue."

Warm grew the nights, and loud as a loom Floated all the water voices up to my room.

"Tell me of the earth," I whispered through the gloom.

"Is it full of flowers?" They answered with a boom,

"Full, full of bloom, full, full of bloom,
Bu-bu-bu-bl-oom, bu-bu-bl-oom."

WHEN TEDDY WENT TO THE WOODS

He nearly caught a chipmunk,
He nearly stunned an owl,
He nearly saw a polar bear
He nearly heard it growl.
He nearly killed a rattlesnake,
He nearly felt it squirm,

He nearly hooked the biggest fish
With nearly half a worm.
He nearly walked a dozen miles,
He very nearly hit
An eagle sitting in its nest,
He nearly climbed to it.
Now if he nearly did so much
When young, it seems to me,
What a wonderfully clever man
He'll nearly grow to be.

SOMEBODY'S BIRTHDAY

This is somebody's birthday,
Just as sure as fate;
Some little girl is five today,
Some little boy is eight;
Some little child is three today,
Some older one thirteen;
Some little twins are precisely two—
Two apiece I mean.

Someone is eating birthday cake,
And picking out the plums;
Someone is counting her birthday dolls
On all her fingers and thumbs;
Someone is bouncing his birthday ball,
Or winding her birthday watch;
Someone is not too wise or tall
For birthday butter scotch.

Think of the scores of birthday gifts,
Think of the birthday cheer,
Think of the birthday happiness,
Every day of the year, my dear,
Every day we're alive,
Some happy child is one or two
Or three or four or five.



DOLLS' SLUMBER SONG

Hushaby, my babies, now the day is closing,
All the tired little birds are drowsing in the nest;
Out upon the lake the lilies are reposing,
And so must you, my little ones, upon your mamma's breast.

S-l-e-e-p, sleep, sink, sink to sleep-Claribel and Muriel, Polly and Bo-peep.

Hushaby, my dearies, now the dew is falling,
Over on the meadow evening shadows creep.
On the edge of Slumberland hear your mamma
calling,
"Come my little family, it's time to go to sleep."
S-l-e-e-p, sleep, sink to sleepClaribel and Muriel. Polly and Bo-peep."

THE FIVE PAIR OF TWINS

Polly, Polly, Polly, tell the five pair of twins,—
The tiny scraps of small ones,
The thin and toppling tall ones,
The cunningly-devised ones,
The four just middling-sized ones,—
We're going to have a candy pull—
Tonight the fun begins—
So Polly, Polly, Polly tell the five pair of twins.

Polly, Polly, Polly, tell the five pair of twins
They may make some candy dollies,
Like the china one of Mollie's,
And some yellow candy kittens,
And a pair of candy mittens,
And a lot of candy fishes
With the sweetest set of fins,
So Polly, Polly, Polly, tell the five pair of twins.

But Polly, Polly, Polly, if the five pair of twins
Go swimming in molasses,
Or to smearing Grandma's glasses,
Or to setting fire to paper,
Or-well any other caper,
They'll all be tied together
Till they're sorry for their sins.
So Polly, Polly, Polly, warn the five pair of twins.

And Polly, Polly, Polly, when the five pair of twins
And the children of our neighbors
Have finished with their labors,
While without the sleet is pelting,
And within the candy's melting,

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You must scrub those sticky infants
Till they're neat as jeweled pins.
Did you know your thumbs and fingers were the
five pair of twins?

FOUR CLASSES OF CHILDREN

The children born in winter-time

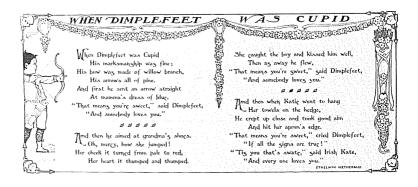
Are bright as the stars in a frosty clime. Bright as the ice on a moon-lit lea, Bright as the gleam of a Christmas tree. And what you will notice about them all, Wherever you have found them, Is that they're not only bright themselves—They brighten the lives around them.

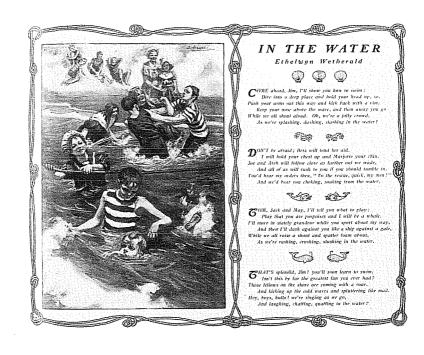
The children born in the time of spring Mirth and happiness with them bring. Cheery as crickets, blithe as a rill, Light as the breeze that is never still. Gay as the robin's earliest song, Though chilly winds may flout them. And then, they're not only glad themselves—They gladden the lives about them.

The summer children are good and sweet,

Sweet as berries and good as wheat,
Sweet as the breath of a clover place,
Sweet as a breeze to a sun-burned face.
With voices sweet as the sound of streams,
How pleasant it is to hear them!
And then they're not only sweet themselves—
They sweeten the lives that are near them.

The autumn children are clever indeed.
They love to study, to think and read.
They walk in the empty woodland vast,
And think of the future and think of the past.
The noticed it over and over again,
And mentioned it to their mothers,
The autumn children are thinkers themselves
And VERY thoughtful of others.





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TWO JULY BOYS

Said little John of Ottawa to Tom of Washington,
"Of all the months I think July's the very nicest one."
Said little Tom of Washington to John of Ottawa,
"Oh, yes, for then I have the nicest time you ever saw!"

"My pa hands out a dollar!" "And so does mine!" "I buy A bushel of firecrackers." "You do? Why, so do I!" "They always let me sit up late so see the rockets flare." "And wherever there are cannon or torpedoes I am there."

Said John of Ottawa, "The First is always packed with fun."
"The First? You mean the Fourth!" said little Tom of
Washington.

"The Fourth? Why, no, I mean the First," said John of Ottawa.

"Well, you're the funniest boy," said both, "I think I ever saw!"

WHEN FATHER IS IT

When father is "It."

When it rains all day or the weather is rough,
And dull in the house we sit,
There is fun to be had playing blind man's buff
When father is "It."
We tie a big handkerchief over his eyes.
He moves very quick for a man of his size,
And knows where we are by our laughter and
cries.

The little girls creep up and tickle his ear,
When father is "It."
He doesn't quite catch them, but comes pretty
near,
When father is "It."

They pull at his coat tails, he gives a great start,
Then spins around twice and is off like a dart.
We dive 'neath his fingers with loud-beating
heart,
When father is "It."

He whoops and he prances, he capers and bounds, When father is "It." We're a set of wild heathen, to judge by the sounds,

When father is "It."

Tom laughs till he has to lie down on the floor,
And Archie and Joe-you should just hear
them roar,

For we feel that we simply can't stand any more
When father is "It.":

TREE-TOP MORNINGS

How I like the tree-top mornings in the early early spring!

There's a steady sound of roaring,
Like a score of rivers pouring,
Or a hundred giants snoring,
Or a thousand birds up-soaring.
There's a rattle as of battle and a sort of splendid swing
Of the branches and the curtains and almost of everything.

Oh, I love the tree-top mornings in the early early spring!

Oh, what fun on tree-top mornings in the early early spring,
When the wind is loud as thunder,
And it snaps the boughs asunder,
And it lifts you up from under,
Just to run zig-zag and wonder
At the hurry and the scurry that such windy mornings bring,
At the flapping and the slapping of the clothes-

line on the wing!

Oh, I love the tree-top mornings in the early, early spring!

Gordon Moyles is a professor of English at the University of Alberta. His many publications include From instruction to delight: a critical anthology of children's literature.